## Using the "ICE" Method to Calculate K, Given Initial Concentrations and One Final Concentration

- 1. Write balanced equation, and expression for  $K_c$
- 2. Make an "ICE" table, and enter the knowns
  - a. <u>I</u>nitial
  - b. <u>C</u>hange
  - c. <u>E</u>quilibrium
- 3. Find the Change for the chemical whose final concentration is known
- 4. Use stoichiometric relationship to determine the change in concentrations for the others
- 5. From the initial concentrations and the deduced changes, determine all equilibrium concentrations
- 6. With all equilibrium concentrations now known, plug into the K<sub>c</sub> expression and solve for K
- 7. Check: Does Answer Make Any Sense?
- Note: equilibrium concentrations must be in Molarity, moles/liter. If information is given in grams or moles plus solvent volume, you will need to convert into molarity.

## Using the "ICE" Method to Calculate Equilibrium Concentrations, Given Only Initial Concentrations and K<sub>c</sub>

- 1. Write balanced equation, and expression for  $K_{\rm c}$
- 2. Make an "ICE" table, and enter the known initial concentrations
  - a. <u>I</u>nitial
  - b. Change
  - c. <u>E</u>quilibrium
- 3. Use "x" to define the change of one substance.
- 4. Use stoichiometric relationships to determine the changes in the concentrations for the others, in terms of "x".
- 5. Calculate the equilibrium concentrations of all chemicals in terms of initial concentrations and "x", and enter them in the table.
  - Ex: 0.30 x, or 0.30 2x, or 0.00 + x, or 0.00 + 2x .....
  - <u>If K is small</u> so that "x" is likely to be small, <u>use the simplifying</u> <u>assumption</u> that  $[A]_{initial} - "x" = [A]_{initial}$ 
    - $\circ~$  This is often justified, and can greatly simplify the math.
    - Ex: 0.20 x = 0.20 if x is smaller than 0.01
- 6. Solve for "x" (This is the hard part!)
- 7. <u>Once "x" is known, use it to solve for the actual equilibrium</u> <u>concentrations</u>
- 8. Check: Does Answer Make Any Sense?
- Check: If you made the "simplifying assumption", was it justified? (Was "x" < 5% of [A]<sub>initial</sub>?)